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CONSTITUTION
OF
UNITED NATIONS YOUTH
NORTHERN TERRITORY
INCORPORATED

Current as of 14/01/2017

CHAPTER I PRELIMINARY

Name and Objects

1. The name of the Association is “United Nations Youth Northern Territory Incorporated”, which may be abbreviated to “United Nations Youth Northern Territory Inc.”
2. The objects and purposes of the Association are:
 - (1) promote the aims of the United Nations Charter and to support the United Nations in achieving those aims;
 - (2) instil in every young Australian with a deeper understanding of global issues and the work of the United Nations;
 - (3) promote respect for and awareness of universal human rights; empower young people at every level of decision-making;
 - (4) provide young people with the skills and opportunities to realise their full potential as decision makers;
 - (5) facilitate discussion and debate throughout the community on issues of global significance;
 - (6) support other Australian UN Youth associations in our shared and continuing mission to open young eyes to the world;
 - (7) foster a membership of committed volunteers who act on the basis of goodwill, giving shape and hope to our future.

Relationships with other United Nations associations

3. The Association shall, if possible, maintain Voting membership in UN Youth Australia and shall be bound by the Constitution of the same.
4. The Association is the youth partner of United Nations Association of Australia Northern Territory (UNAANT) Inc. (hereafter “UNAA NT”), working closely together to advance the two organisations’ shared mission of building the people’s movement for the United Nations.
 - (1) The Association shall from time to time agree memoranda of understanding with UNAA NT outlining this collaboration.
 - (2) Such memoranda shall be subject to memoranda of understanding agreed to between UN Youth Australia and the United Nations Association of Australia Inc.

Powers and Functions of the Association

5. Subject to the Act, the Association has power to do all things incidental

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or conducive to achieve its purposes. Without limiting this provision, the Association may—

- (1) acquire, hold and dispose of real or personal property;
 - (2) open and operate accounts with financial institutions;
 - (3) invest its money in any security in which trust monies may lawfully be invested;
 - (4) raise and borrow money on any terms and in any manner as it thinks fit;
 - (5) secure the repayment of money raised or borrowed, or the payment of a debt or liability;
 - (6) appoint agents to transact business on its behalf;
 - (7) enter into any other contract it considers necessary or desirable.
6. The Association may only exercise its powers and use its income and assets (including any surplus) for its purposes.
7. The Association shall use every effort promote the Association's objects and purposes in a manner that does not promote or oppose a political party or a candidate for political office.

Interpretation

8. In this Constitution, unless inconsistent with context, subject matter, or law -
- (1) "The Act" is the *Associations Act 2003* of the Northern Territory and any regulations made under the Act;
 - (2) "The Constitution" is this document, which constitutes the official Constitution and Rules of the Association under the Act;
 - (3) The "Statement of Objects" which precedes this Constitution is the Statement of Objects and Statement of Purposes for the Association for the purposes of the Act;
 - (4) "The Association" is UN Youth Northern Territory Incorporated;
 - (5) "UN Youth Australia" is UN Youth Australia, a company limited by guarantee of which this Association is a Voting Member, whose constitution is referred to throughout as the "National Constitution,"
 - (6) "National Executive" is the Board of Directors of UN Youth

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Australia, and a “National Director” is a Director of UN Youth Australia,

- (7) The “Executive” is the management committee of the Association as understood in the Act;
- (8) A “Director” is one of the voting members of the Executive; a “directorship” refers to the office of one of the voting members of the Executive;
- (9) An “Officer” is any person holding a position of responsibility in the Association, including all Directors of the Executive;
- (10) Each individual point of this Constitution shall be referred to as a “Rule” such that this Rule is Rule 8(10) or Rule 8 Subrule (10);
- (11) Unless otherwise stated, any expression defined in the Act, or in the *Interpretation Act* of the Northern Territory, shall have the same meaning in this Constitution as it does in either Act.

Status of this Constitution

9. Subject to the Act and the laws of the land, this Constitution shall be the ultimate authority of the Association, and overrules conflicting decisions made by the Executive, or the members in a general meeting, or any regulation, external motion, or other directive.
10. Subject to the Act, this Constitution and Statement of Objects may be amended, altered, rescinded or added to only by a special resolution approved by the members at a general meeting. Changes to the Constitution or Statement of Objects take effect only if they are approved in accordance with the Act.
11. Subject to the Act, in the event of any doubt or dispute as to the meaning or interpretation of this Constitution, the Executive shall determine any such meaning or interpretation, which determination shall be final and binding on all members.

Financial Year

12. The Financial Year for the Association shall end on 1 December.

Exercise of the Association’s Rights as a Voting Member of UN Youth Australia

13. Except during a validly called general meeting of the Members of UN Youth Australia, the Association shall exercise its powers as a Voting

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Member, including but not limited “signing” a resolution in writing under National Constitution, only by resolution of the Executive where:

- (1) such resolution is recorded in writing, and,
 - (2) is signed by at least two Directors, and,
 - (3) transmitted to UN Youth Australia in accordance with the National Constitution.
14. When the resolutions of UN Youth Australia provide for the Association to nominate one of its members to organise a UN Youth Australia event, such a person shall be nominated only by the members in a general meeting.
15. For the purposes of the National Constitution’s clause 19.6.1, as regards the inspection of the records of UN Youth Australia, the duly appointed representatives of the Association shall be, and be limited to, the Directors of the Executive. The Association shall not otherwise appoint representatives or attorneys in accordance with the National Constitution except for the purpose of representing the Association in a validly called general meeting of the Voting Members of UN Youth Australia; representatives so appointed shall be referred to hereafter as “National Councillors.”
16. The rules concerning the appointment and dismissal of National Councillors are as follows:
- (1) Each Director is a National Councillor *ex officio*.
 - (2) The Executive may appoint additional members of the Association as National Councillors and may revoke the appointments of additional National Councillors at any time other than during a general meeting of the members of UN Youth Australia.
 - (3) An appointment or revocation of appointment as a National Councillor shall take the form of a document, approved by the Executive and signed by at least two Directors, that unambiguously attests to the appointment or revocation of appointment.
 - (4) At the time at which a Director is elected or appointed, the Association shall communicate this appointment to UN Youth Australia in the same fashion as a National Councillor appointment under sub-rule (3) of this Rule.
 - (5) A National Councillor, other than a Director, ceases to be a National Councillor upon the adjournment of the general

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meeting of UN Youth Australia that immediately follows their appointment, but may be re-appointed.

17. The terms of the National Councillors' appointments are as follows:

- (1) No single National Councillor may exercise the powers of the Association, or serve to constitute the presence of the Association at a meeting for the purposes of quorum, unless accompanied by at least one other National Councillor ,
- (2) The National Councillors present at a general meeting shall be deemed to represent the Association on a given question only when a majority of the Association's National Councillors give their assent to that representation at the meeting, and,
- (3) The National Councillors shall be bound by any instructions issued to them by the Executive in advance of the meeting, save when in the judgment of the majority of National Councillors at the meeting new context or new developments have rendered those instructions moot.”

CHAPTER II MEMBERSHIP

Joining the Association

18. A person is eligible for membership in the Association if they:
 - (1) Are a natural person; and,
 - (2) Reside in the Northern Territory; and,
 - (3) Support the purposes of the Association;
 - (4) Are not older than 25 years of age and not younger than 16 years of age; and,
 - (5) They have not been:
 - a. expelled from the Association without the expulsion being expunged by a resolution of the members, or,
 - b. removed from the Register of Members of UN Youth Australia by a resolution of the Voting Members of UN Youth Australia without being re-admitted following a resolution approved by the Voting Members of UN Youth Australia specifically rehabilitating them.
19. An eligible person who lodges a membership application form prescribed by the Executive, at the similarly prescribed location(s) (or online), shall, upon the approval of their application by the Executive, become a member as of the date of that approval.
20. The Executive may, at its absolute discretion, approve or disapprove any membership application. In the consideration of a membership application.
 - (1) The Executive must take action on an application no later than three weeks following that application's submission;
 - (2) The Executive must provide a reason to any applicant whose application is refused, indicating the circumstances under which an application might be accepted (if any);
 - (3) The Director of Finance must advise all membership applicants of the approval of their application as soon as is practicable after the decision of the Executive.
21. There is no limitation to the number of members.
22. The members in a general meeting may confer the title of "patron" or "life member" on any natural person, but nothing in this rule makes such a person a member within the meaning of any other Rule of this

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Constitution, or any organisation of which this Association is a member, or the provisions of the Act.

Rights and Obligations of Members

23. A member is entitled to vote in a general meeting if and only if they have attended at least three United Nations Youth Northern Territory Inc. events in the past twelve months.
- (1) The Bylaws shall define which events constitute “United Nations Youth Northern Territory Inc. events” for the purposes of this section.
 - (2) The Director of Finance shall be responsible for collecting attendance details at all United Nations Youth Northern Territory Inc. events;
 - (3) The Executive, with reference to attendance details kept by the Director of Finance, shall determine any dispute of the voting entitlement of any member.
24. Any right, privilege, or obligation of a person as a member of the Association cannot be transferred to another person and terminates, except in the case of a member's debt (if any) owed to the Association, on a person's cessation of membership.
25. The liability of a member to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the Association, or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the Association, is limited to the amount of debt (if any) the member owes to the Association.
26. The Association shall indemnify and keep indemnified any member, officer or employee of the Association against any loss, expense or liability they may incur in the bona fide performance of their duties as a member, officer or employee.

Membership Fees and Subscriptions

27. There shall be no monetary contribution, either in the form of a subscription or an entry fee, imposed upon any person as a condition of membership. The entry fee and amount of the annual membership subscription shall both be \$0.

Retaining and Terminating Membership

28. Members shall continue to hold membership in the Association unless

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and until:

- (1) They die; or,
- (2) They are expelled from the Association; or,
- (3) They cease to be eligible for membership; or,
- (4) They resign their membership.

29. A member is taken to have resigned if –

- (1) They give notice of their resignation in writing to the Director of Finance, or,
- (2) They are removed from the Register of Members of UN Youth Australia or otherwise cease to be an Associate Member of UN Youth Australia,
- (3) The Director of Finance has made a written request to the member to confirm that he or she wishes to remain a member and the member has not, within 3 months after receiving that request, confirmed in writing that he or she wishes to remain a member.

30. The Director of Finance shall keep at the registered address of the Association, in an up-to-date condition, a register of the members of the Association, their postal or residential addresses, their entitlement or lack of entitlement to vote, and their date of joining (and if applicable resigning from) the Association.

31. The Director of Finance shall make the register available for the inspection of any member entitled to vote upon request. The member may make a copy of, or take an extract from, the register but shall have no right to remove the register for that purpose.

Disputes and Mediation

32. The procedure under this Constitution only applies to disputes between a member and another member or a member and the Committee.

33. Within 14 days after the dispute comes to the attention of the parties to the dispute, they must meet and discuss the matter in dispute, and, if possible, resolve the dispute.

34. If the parties are unable to resolve the dispute at the meeting or a party fails to attend the meeting then the parties must, within 10 days after the meeting hold another meeting in the presence of a mediator.

35. The mediator:

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- (1) must be a person chosen by agreement between the parties, unless agreement cannot be reached;
- (2) for a dispute between a member and another member - a person appointed by the Committee; or
- (3) for a dispute between a member and the Committee - a person who is a mediator appointed or employed by the department administering the Act.
- (4) May be a member of the Association
- (5) Cannot be a party to the dispute.

36. The mediator shall:

- (1) give the parties to the mediation process every opportunity to be heard; and
- (2) give due consideration by all parties of any written statement submitted by any party; and
- (3) ensure natural justice is accorded to the parties to the dispute throughout the mediation process;
- (4) not determine the dispute

37. If the mediation process does not result in the dispute being resolved, the parties may seek to resolve the dispute in accordance with the Act or otherwise at Law.

Minimum Number of Members

38. The Association must have at least 5 members.

Expulsion

39. Subject to this Constitution, if the Executive is of the opinion that a member has refused or neglected to comply with this Constitution or the Bylaws, or has been guilty of conduct unbecoming a member or prejudicial to the interests of the Association, or has been subject to a ban on participation in UN Youth Australia activities, the Executive may by resolution expel that member from the Association.

40. A resolution of the Executive to expel a member (hereafter "the respondent") does not take effect unless—

- (1) at a meeting held at least 14 days following notice to the respondent of the passage of the resolution to expel them, the Executive confirms the resolution; and,
- (2) if the Executive confirms the resolution but the member exercises a right of appeal to the members in a general

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meeting, the members in a general meeting confirm the resolution in accordance with this constitution.

41. At a meeting of the Executive to confirm or revoke the initial resolution to expel the respondent, the Executive must—
 - (1) give the respondent, or their representative, an opportunity to be heard; and
 - (2) give due consideration to any written statement submitted by the respondent; and,
 - (3) furnish the respondent with the latest copy of this Constitution and the Bylaws; and,
 - (4) determine by resolution whether to confirm or to revoke the resolution.
42. If at the meeting of the Executive, the Executive confirms the resolution, the member may, not later than 48 hours after that meeting, give the Director of Finance a notice to the effect that he or she wishes to appeal to the members in general meeting against the resolution. If the Director of Finance receives this notice, they must notify the Executive and the Executive must convene a general meeting of the Association to be held between 21 and 45 days after the date on which the Director of Finance received the notice.
43. At a general meeting of the Association convened to consider the expulsion —
 - (1) no business other than the question of the appeal may be conducted; and
 - (2) the Executive may place before the meeting details of the grounds for the resolution and the reasons for the passing of the resolution; and
 - (3) the member, or his or her representative, must be given an opportunity to be heard; and
 - (4) the members present must vote by secret ballot on the question whether the resolution should be confirmed or revoked. This question is a special resolution and shall be governed by the rules thereby.
44. A resolution to expel is confirmed if, at the general meeting, the members approve the special resolution to confirm the suspension or expulsion resolution. In any other case, the resolution is revoked.

CHAPTER III

GENERAL MEETINGS OF THE MEMBERS

Powers of the members in a General Meeting

45. Subject to the Act and this Constitution, the members of the Association entitled to vote at a general meeting, assembled in a valid general meeting, may exercise any power of the Association, including powers delegated by this Constitution to the Executive.
46. A resolution of the members entitled to vote in a general meeting may not be altered or overturned except by subsequent resolution of the members, and resolutions of the members in a general meeting shall override any conflicting resolution, decision, or action of the Executive.
47. The members may not delegate to any other body any power vested in them by this Constitution, except as this Constitution otherwise provides.

Calling of General Meetings

48. One general meeting a year is the Annual General Meeting of the Association ("the AGM"). The Executive shall call the AGM such that it falls within two months following the end of the Association's financial year.
49. Special General Meetings shall be called:
 - (1) By the Executive, at their discretion, or,
 - (2) On the requisition in writing of at least 30 members entitled to vote, or,
 - (3) By a resolution of the members, approved at a General Meeting.
50. A requisition for a special general meeting must state the objects of the meeting, be signed by the requisitionists, be deposited at the registered address of the Association, and may consist of several documents, each signed by one or more of the requisitionists.
51. If the Executive does not cause a special general meeting to be held within 30 days from the day on which a requisition is deposited at the office of the Association, the requisitionists, or any of them, may convene the meeting within 3 months from the day of the deposit of the requisition.
52. The Director of Finance (or, in the case of a general meeting convened by requisition of the members, the members convening the

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meeting) must give to each member of the Association—

- (1) at least 14 days notice of an annual general meeting unless otherwise provided for in the Act; or
- (2) at least 21 days' notice of a general meeting if a special resolution is to be proposed at the meeting; or
- (3) at least 14 days' notice of a general meeting in any other case.

53. Notice of a general meeting must—

- (1) specify the date, time and place of the meeting; and
- (2) indicate the general nature of each item of business to be considered at the meeting; and
- (3) if a special resolution is to be proposed—
 - a. state in full the proposed resolution; and
 - b. state the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution; and
- (4) be sent via either pre-paid post or electronically to the last known address of each member.

54. In regard to all notices communicated to the members, if notice is communicated either by pre-paid post or electronically to the last known address of a member, notice is deemed to have been given.

The Annual General Meeting

55. The business of the AGM shall be to:

- (1) Confirm the minutes of the last preceding annual general meeting and of any general meeting held since that meeting,
- (2) To receive and consider any statements or accounts submitted by the Association in accordance with the Act;
- (3) Receive reports, written and oral, from Officers of the Association;
- (4) Elect Directors of the Executive; and,
- (5) Consider any other business required by the Act or which may properly be brought before the meeting.

56. The Association must hold its first annual general meeting within 18 months after its incorporation.

57. The Association must hold all subsequent annual general meetings

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within 5 months after the end of the Association's financial year.

Conduct and procedure at general meetings

58. Quorum for a general meeting shall be 10 members entitled to vote, at least 6 of whom are not Directors. Should quorum not be present within one hour after the appointed starting time of a general meeting, the chairperson shall adjourn the meeting to a time and place they think proper.
59. A general meeting may be held using any technology that allows members to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each other participating member.
60. All members of the Association have the right to attend any general meeting. Any member may bring business before a general meeting, but all business required by the Act, as well as all special resolutions, shall take priority over any other business.
61. The President shall ordinarily be the Chair of all general meetings. If the Chair is or becomes vacant, the members present at the general meeting shall elect one of their number to the Chair.
62. General meeting procedures shall be contained in Bylaws not inconsistent with this Constitution, but no Bylaw connected to general meeting procedure shall come into effect sooner than three weeks after its approval, or abridge the right of a majority of the members present to overturn any decision of the Chair or resolution of the Executive.
63. Minutes of each general meeting shall be provided to those recipients required by the Act, as well as to all of the members, within 21 days of the meeting.
64. At a general meeting in which the membership dismisses the entire Executive, or any individual Director, the meeting shall not adjourn until the members have filled the vacancy or vacancies, following where possible the procedure outlined in this Constitution for the election of officers.

Resolutions in general meetings

65. Each member entitled to vote shall have one vote except the chairperson, who shall have a second or casting vote in the event of an equality of votes. Members who are not entitled to vote may not vote in a general meeting.
66. No member may delegate their vote to any other person (or "proxy

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vote”), nor cast a vote on behalf of anyone but himself or herself.

Members may vote by absentee ballot on any resolution, by lodging their vote with the President and the Director of Finance prior to the general meeting.

67. All decisions of a general meeting shall be by resolution; all resolutions shall be either ordinary resolutions or special resolutions:
- (1) An ordinary resolution is approved with the concurrence of a majority of members present and voting; and,
 - (2) A special resolution is approved with the concurrence of 75% of the members present and voting.
 - a. Only questions specified in this Constitution or the Act as requiring a special resolution shall be considered matters for a special resolution.
 - b. No special resolution may be approved without 21 days notice of the resolution communicated to each members electronically or by pre-paid post to the last known address of each member.
68. No resolution may be voted on by means of a postal ballot.
69. A question arising at a general meeting is to be determined on a show of hands, unless a poll is demanded by at least 5 members entitled to vote present. If a poll is demanded, the poll will be taken immediately (in the form of a secret ballot) and the result of the poll shall be taken to be the resolution of the meeting on that question.
70. If a question arising at a general meeting of the Association is determined on a show of hands, and a poll is not demanded, a declaration by the Chairperson that a resolution has been carried or lost and an entry to that effect in the minute book of the Association is evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of, or against, that resolution.

CHAPTER IV THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Name and Powers

71. The Executive Committee (“the Executive”) is the committee, or management committee of the Association as understood in the Act. The Executive, subject to the Act, this Constitution, and the Bylaws:
- (1) controls and manages the affairs of the Association; and,
 - (2) may exercise any power or function that may be exercised by the Association other than those powers or functions that are required by this Constitution or the Bylaws to be exercised by the members in a general meeting; and,
 - (3) Has the power to perform all acts and do all things that appear to the Executive to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the Association, except for such acts and things that the Bylaws or Constitution reserve to the another body.
72. The Executive may make provision for the formation, establishment, conduct and dissolution of Branches on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Executive may think fit. Such Branches may include a special branch for members of the Association affiliated with particular institutions of higher education within the Northern Territory.
73. The Executive shall have the power to create and revise Bylaws to provide for:
- (1) a comprehensive participant and member Welfare Policy,
 - (2) matters stipulated in this Constitution as matters for the Bylaws, and
 - (3) matters not explicitly provided for in this Constitution that may be convenient or necessary to manage the Association or achieve the aims and objectives in the Statement of Objects.

Constitution of the Executive

74. The Executive shall consist of the Directors of the Association, which shall be limited to the following:
- (1) One President;
 - (2) One Director of Finance;
 - (3) Three additional Directors, with titles and portfolios described in

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the Bylaws.

75. The other Officers of the Association shall have the right to attend Executive meetings without a vote except as this Constitution otherwise provides. The Officers include:

- (1) The Immediate Past President, who shall always be the person who most recently held the office of President;
- (2) Any National Director of UN Youth Australia resident in the Northern Territory;
- (3) The chief financial officer of UN Youth Australia, as designated by the National Executive, who shall serve as Honorary Treasurer of the Association;
- (4) The chief legal or administrative officer of UN Youth Australia, as designated by the National Executive, who shall serve as Honorary Secretary of the Association;
- (5) Any officer provided by the Bylaws, which shall specify whether the officer is elected by the members or appointed by the Executive; and,
- (6) Any person appointed to a position of responsibility created by the Executive; and,
- (7) Unless otherwise provided for in this Constitution, a Public Officer appointed by the Executive.

Eligibility and Election of Directors

76. At each AGM, the Chair of the meeting shall declare all Directorships vacant and all members entitled to vote shall elect the Directors for the following year.

- (1) All Directors hold office, barring removal from office in accordance with this Constitution, until the adjournment of the AGM following the AGM in which they were last elected to that Directorship.
- (2) The members may, by special resolution recorded in the Bylaws, exempt not more than one specific Directorship from this Rule. Such a Directorship shall nonetheless be elected by the members entitled to vote as follows:
 - a. the Executive shall call a special general meeting not more than 14 months following the last election of that Director;

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- b. at this special general meeting the position shall be declared vacant and elected by the members entitled to vote just as for a Director elected at the AGM.
77. All officers other than Directors hold office until the adjournment of the next AGM after their election or appointment, unless the Bylaws otherwise provide or they are prematurely removed from their office in accordance with this Constitution.
78. Any member may be elected a Director, but no person shall hold more than one Directorship, nor shall two or more people hold the same Directorship, but a Director may hold any number of Officer positions that are not Directorships. All Directors and officers are eligible for reelection.
79. No member who has not attained the age of 18 may be elected or appointed to the office of Director of Finance.
80. Prior to a general meeting during which an election shall be held, the Executive shall designate an impartial Returning Officer, who shall not run for any office at that general meeting, to chair the elections portion of the general meeting, and count and certify all elections that take place at that meeting.
81. The electoral procedure at general meetings shall be provided in Bylaws not inconsistent with the following:
 - (1) Any Bylaw pertaining to an electoral matter shall take effect three weeks following its approval;
 - (2) All positions open to election must be voted for by secret ballot; no-one may be elected without a ballot;
 - (3) All members shall have equal voting strength;
 - (4) The candidate with a minority of votes must not be elected in preference to a candidate with a majority of votes (either initially or after the distribution of preferences);
 - (5) Should the votes tie after the final allocation of preferences, members must ballot again;
 - (6) "Re-Open Nominations", or "RON", is a candidate in all elections. Should RON win an election, no-one shall be elected to the position and nominations for the position shall be reopened. The Executive shall call a special general meeting between 14 and 35 days after the general meeting at which RON wins to fill the vacancy created by a RON win.
 - (7) Each candidate may appoint a member to act as a scrutineer

his or her election. All scrutineers shall witness the entirety of the counting of votes, including absentee votes, for that position's election.

82. Members may vote in an election by absentee ballot by transmitting their vote to the Returning Officer. Such absentee votes may, if the member wishes, indicate preferences for candidates to be invoked should the first preference candidate be eliminated as a consequence of the electoral procedure.

Appointments made by the Executive

83. All appointments of any persons to positions or offices made by the Executive shall proceed according to a procedure determined by the Executive not inconsistent with the following:

- (1) All members must have an opportunity to submit applications for the position;
- (2) Notice of the vacancy must be sent to all members at least 7 days before the close of applications; and,
- (3) All members must be given notice of the appointment once it is made; and,
- (4) The Executive need not obey the requirements of subrules (1), (2), and (3) of this Rule when appointing members of committees, or filling temporary casual vacancies in an office.

Duties of all Directors

84. The Executive is collectively responsible for ensuring that the Association complies with the Act and that individual Directors comply with these Rules.

85. Directors must exercise their powers and discharge their duties:

- (1) with reasonable care and diligence; and,
- (2) in good faith in the best interests of the Association; and,
- (3) for a proper purpose.

86. A Director who has a material personal interest in a matter being considered at an Executive meeting must disclose the nature and extent of that interest to the Executive. The Director must not be present while the matter is being considered at the meeting and must not vote on the matter. This rule does not apply to a material personal interest—

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- (1) that exists only because the member belongs to a class of persons for whose benefit the Association is established; or,
- (2) that the member has in common with all, or a substantial proportion of, the members of the Association.

87. Directors and former Directors must not make improper use of their position or information acquired by virtue of holding their position so as to gain an advantage for themselves or any other person or to cause detriment to the Association.

88. In addition to any duties imposed by this Constitution, a Director must perform any other duties imposed from time to time by resolution of the Executive.

Duties of Particular Directors

89. The President may make decisions on behalf of the Executive if and only if:

- (1) the urgency of the matter does not permit the calling of an Executive meeting or the use of a circular resolution of the Executive; and,
- (2) the decision does not involve the appropriation or expenditure of money, or any other financial matter whatsoever; and,
- (3) such decisions are ratified by the Executive at its next meeting.

90. The Director of Finance shall, in addition to their other duties:

- (1) be the Treasurer, and Secretary of the Association, and accordingly have all duties and powers granted to those officers by the Act;
- (2) be the Public Officer and accordingly have all duties and power as granted by the Act and this Constitution;
- (3) keep such accounting records as correctly record and explain the financial transactions and financial position of the Association as will enable true and fair accounts of the Association to be conveniently and properly audited;
- (4) submit to members at each annual general meeting of the Association, and to UN Youth Australia as the Members of UN Youth Australia so resolve, accounts of the Association showing the financial position of the Association at the end of the immediately preceding financial year.

91. The Honorary Secretary and Honorary Treasurer shall advise and assist

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the Directors in the execution of their legal duties.

92. The Bylaws, or otherwise the Executive, shall provide for the duties, powers and responsibilities of the other Directors and officers of the Association.
93. No enumeration of duties to Officers of the Association shall be so construed as to limit the discretion of the Executive to make decisions concerning those duties.

Duties of Particular Officers

94. The Public Officer shall, in addition to their other duties:
 - (1) ensure that Documents are filed with the Commissioner of Consumer Affairs in accordance with the Act;
 - (2) keep a current copy of the Constitution of the

Association. **Meetings of the Executive**

95. The Executive shall ordinarily meet at least once every calendar month at any time and place the Executive determines.
96. The President or any two Directors may call any meeting of the Executive. No meeting of the Executive may be called without 24 hours notice to all Directors by post, email or telephone.
97. Business may not be transacted unless a quorum is present. The presence of a majority of the Directors currently holding office shall constitute a quorum at meetings of the Executive.
98. The President shall ordinarily hold the chair at all Executive meetings. The procedure to be followed at a meeting of the Executive must be determined from time to time by the Executive. The Directors present at the meeting may determine the order of business.
99. The meetings of the Executive may be conducted either in person or using any technology that allows members to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each other participating member.
100. A Director who is not physically present at an Executive meeting may participate in the meeting by the use of technology that allows that Director and the Directors present at the meeting to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each other. A Director participating in an Executive meeting in this way is taken to be present at the meeting and, if the member votes at the meeting, is taken to have voted in person.
101. The Executive may close its meeting to all but the Officers of the

Association, or all but the Directors, as it thinks fit. No closure of the meeting, nor any other motion of the Executive, may exclude the Honorary Secretary or Honorary Treasurer except insofar as the conflict of interest provisions discussed in this Constitution apply.

Decisions of the Executive

102. All decisions of the Executive shall be made by resolution:

- (1) All resolutions shall be agreed to only with the approval of a majority of the Directors currently holding office and entitled to vote at the time (as distinct from a majority of Directors present at the Executive meeting);
- (2) If owing to vacant Directorships or recusals owing to a conflict of interest the Executive cannot approve a resolution, the resolution may only be determined by a general meeting of the members;
- (3) Only Directors may vote; each Director shall have one vote but the President may exercise a casting vote if they are evenly divided.

103. A Director may vote by an absentee ballot lodged with the Director of Finance on any matter before the Executive, but a Director may not designate a proxy or otherwise delegate their vote to another person.

104. The Executive may approve resolutions either at a meeting or via circular resolution. A resolution approved by circular resolution has the same effect as a resolution approved at a valid, quorate Executive meeting. A circular resolution is made by the following procedure:

- (1) A Director circulates the precise text of the proposed resolution to each other Director by either pre-paid post or email,
- (2) Each Director votes on the resolution by circulating their vote via email or pre-paid post to each other Director,
- (3) The resolution is approved only with the assent of a majority of the total number of Directors given within five days of the circulation of the motion,
- (4) If the resolution is approved, it shall be entered into the minutes of the next Executive meeting.

Committees within the Association

105. The Executive may establish committees to facilitate the work of the Association and shall appoint their membership, define their terms of reference, and determine their rules of procedure, including how committee meetings are called, the notice required for committee meetings, their quorum, their voting procedure, and their chair.
106. The Executive may delegate, in writing, to one or more committees (consisting of such member or members of the association as the Executive thinks fit) the exercise of such functions of the Executive as are specified in the delegation other than-
- (1) this power of delegation;
 - (2) the Executive's powers and duties over financial matters (broadly defined);
 - (3) the Executive's power to appoint officers, employees, or fill casual vacancies;
 - (4) a function which is specifically imposed on the Executive by the Act, or any applicable law, and,
 - (5) the Executive's exercise of the Association's powers as a Voting Member of UN Youth Australia, except as this Constitution otherwise provides.”
107. Any delegation made by the Executive to a committee shall be subject to such conditions and limitations as to the exercise of that function or as to time and circumstances as are specified in the written delegation, and the Executive may continue to exercise any function delegated. The Executive may revoke the delegation wholly or in part at any time.

Cessation of Executive Office

108. An officer shall permanently cease to hold office if they:
- (1) resign in writing to the Executive; or
 - (2) die; or
 - (3) become bankrupt or compound with creditors or otherwise take advantage of the laws in force for the time being relating to bankruptcy; or
 - (4) are convicted of an offence under the Act; or
 - (5) are otherwise disqualified from office by the Act; or,
 - (6) are absent from a number or sequence of meetings (defined by

the Bylaws) of either the Executive or a committee, without permission from the Executive.

109. The Executive may grant a Director a leave of absence from Executive meetings for a period not exceeding 3 months.

- (1) Such a leave shall be granted only on written request of the Director in question and have the effect of rendering the Directorship temporarily vacant for the duration of the leave granted.
- (2) The Director granted leave shall resume their office upon the end of the leave of absence.

110. The Executive may not grant leave of absence retrospectively.

Removal of a Director or Officer

111. The members in a general meeting may, by resolution, for any reason, dismiss any Director, Officer, or the entire Executive. No resolution of dismissal shall be effective if the respondent(s) are not:

- (1) Given at least fourteen days notice of the pending resolution to dismiss them;
- (2) Given an opportunity to be heard at the meeting considering their dismissal, or have an opportunity to submit a written statement to the meeting to which due consideration is given; and,
- (3) Furnished with the latest copy of this Constitution.

112. Subject to this Constitution, if the Executive is of the opinion that an Officer has acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the Association, the Executive may by resolution dismiss that member from their office.

113. A resolution of the Executive to dismiss an officer (hereafter “the respondent”) does not take effect unless at a meeting held at least 14 days following notice to the respondent of the passage of the resolution to dismiss them, the Executive confirms the resolution. There is no appeal permitted to an officer dismissed by the Executive.

114. At a meeting of the Executive to confirm or revoke the initial resolution to dismiss the officer, the Executive must—

- (1) give the respondent, or their representative, an opportunity to be heard; and
- (2) give due consideration to any written statement submitted by

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the respondent; and,

- (3) furnish the respondent with the latest copy of this Constitution; and,
- (4) determine by resolution approved by 75% of the total number of Directors whether to confirm or to revoke the resolution.

115. A resolution of the Executive or the members in a general meeting to dismiss an officer shall, upon taking effect, render the position vacant. The office shall be filled in accordance with the provisions of filling a permanent casual vacancy unless the members in a general meeting have dismissed a Director, in which case the members at that general meeting shall proceed immediately to elect a replacement.

Filling casual vacancies among the officers

116. The Executive shall fill any permanent casual vacancy among the officers of the Association (including all Directors) using the same procedure as they use to appoint an officer.
117. The Executive must fill any casual vacancy, permanent or temporary, in the office of Director of Finance within 7 days of the creation of the vacancy.
118. Any casual vacancies created by a temporary vacancy of a Directorship created by a leave of absence may be filled, or not filled, by the Executive as it thinks fit (except in the case of the Director of Finance); but such an appointment shall expire upon the rehabilitation of the suspended officer to the Executive.
119. If the casual vacancy is that of the President, a Director designated in the Bylaws shall become Acting President, and the office of that Director shall become temporarily vacant. The Executive must then convene a general meeting between 21 and 36 days following the creation of the casual vacancy, to hold a special election for the office of President, who shall fill the position until the adjournment of the next AGM.

CHAPTER V FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT

Sources of funds and non-profit status

120. The sources of the funds of the Association shall be:

- (1) Fees paid for the provision of services in furtherance of the aims and objectives contained in the Statement of Purposes;
- (2) Disbursements from UN Youth Australia and the UN Youth Australia Foundation;
- (3) Sponsorship funds;
- (4) Grants;
- (5) Money derived from investments and savings;
- (6) Donations; and,
- (7) Any other sources approved by the Executive.

121. The income and assets (including any surplus) of the Association must be applied solely towards the promotion of the Association's purposes. The Association must not distribute any surplus, income or assets directly or indirectly to its members. This rule does not prevent the Association from paying a member -

- (1) Reimbursement for expenses properly incurred by the member, or,
- (2) For any goods or services provided by the member –

if this is done in good faith on terms no more favourable than if the member was not a member.

Signatories of Bank Accounts and Management of Funds

122. The Executive, in accordance with standard accounting practices and the provisions of this Constitution, shall manage the funds of the Association. The Association shall spend no monies, except by appropriations made by the Executive.

123. True accounts are to be kept of each receipt or payment of money by the Association and the matter in respect of which the money was received or paid, and each asset and liability of the Association.

124. If required by the Act or other law, the members shall at the AGM elect and determine the compensation of an auditor for the Association, and make such other arrangements as are necessary to facilitate an audit of the Association's accounts in accordance with the Act or other law. The

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auditor is eligible for re-appointment and may be removed from office only by special resolution.

125. The Bylaws shall specify at least three Directors who shall be signatories of all Association bank accounts with the signatures of any two such Directors required to draw or sign cheques or otherwise withdraw funds from any Association bank account.
126. Notwithstanding the above Rule, the Executive may authorise the Director of Finance to make use of an official Association debit card, provided such a card is linked to an account to which transfers from other Association accounts can be made only with the authorisation of any two other Directors.

Business and other records

127. All records of the association, including this Constitution, the Bylaws, trust documents, instruments of title, financial records, securities, minutes of general meetings, and all certifications and transmissions communicated in accordance with the Act, shall be:
 - (1) Kept at the registered address of the Association for not less than seven years after their composition;
 - (2) Laid before the members at the Annual General Meeting; and,
 - (3) Made available for inspection by a member any other time, on such conditions as imposed by the Executive.
128. The Director of Finance must ensure full and accurate minutes of all resolutions and other proceedings of each Executive and general meeting are entered in the minute book of the Association. Verifying the minutes' accuracy, the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next Executive meeting, and another Director, must sign the approved copy of the minutes of each Executive and general meeting.

Common Seal

129. There shall be a common seal that shall be kept at the offices of the Association. The Executive shall determine the disposition of the seal, and its striking and breaking.
130. The Common Seal shall only be affixed to a document by authority of a resolution of the Executive. The affixing of the common seal shall only be of effect when two Directors sign it.

Winding-up of the Association

131. The Association may be wound up voluntarily by special resolution.

132. In the event that the Association is endorsed as a deductible gift recipient and the endorsement of the Association as a deductible gift recipient is revoked, the following shall be transferred to another organisation to which income tax deductible gifts can be made:

- (1) any surplus gifts of money or property for the principal purpose of the organisation,
- (2) any surplus contributions made in relation to an eligible fundraising event held for the principal purpose of the organisation, and
- (3) money received by the organisation because of such gifts and contributions.

133. If at any time there are less than five members of the Association, the Association must be wound up.

134. In the event that the Association is endorsed as a deductible gift recipient and the Association is wound up or dissolved, any surplus assets remaining after the payment of the Association's liabilities shall be transferred to another association or organisation, nominated by special resolution of the members, with similar objects to which income tax deductible gifts can be made.

135. In the event that the Association is not endorsed as a deductible gift recipient at the time of its winding up or dissolution, any surplus assets remaining after the payment of the Association's liabilities shall be transferred to another organisation, which:

- (1) Is eligible under the Act for the distribution of surplus assets upon the Association's winding up, and,
- (2) has similar purposes to the Association, and,
- (3) is not carried on for the profit or gain of its individual members, and,
- (4) is specified by the Association by special resolution.